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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/767,512	01/22/2001	William Vong	MS1-155USC3	3413
22801	7590 07/09/2003			
LEE & HAYES PLLC			EXAMINER	
421 W RIVERSIDE AVENUE SUITE 500 SPOKANE, WA 99201			SHIN, CHRISTOPHER B	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2182	/3
			DATE MAILED: 07/09/2003	17

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/767,512	VONG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Christopher B Shin	2182				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting your within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed rs will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16.	<u>June 2003</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th	nis action is non-final.					
Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>18-20,23 and 40-47</u> is/are pending ir	n the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) 40 and 47 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>18-20,23 and 41-46</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		, , , , ,				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bu See the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	-				
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	·					
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro	ovisional application has been rec	eived.				
Attachment(s)	, ,					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal I	/ (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The Amendment received June 16, 2003 has been entered and carefully considered. Claims 18-20, 23 & 40-47 are pending in the application. Claims 40 & 47 are withdrawn from consideration.

Claim 40 & 47 raises potential Double Patenting rejection against the Parent Patent(s), if the claims 40 & 47 are considered. The examiner notes that the earlier parent applications had restrictions requirements including the above subject matter.

Original Presentation

2. As can be seen from claims 40 & 47, the limitations of the claims 40 & 47 present a subject matter that are not originally elected by the applicant. As can be seen from claims 18, 19, 20, 23, 42, the original invention is directed to LED limitations without power limitation; however, claims 40 & 47, in addition to the originally elected invention claims, now additionally elects the invention (e.g., power) that are patentable distinct from the originally elected claims. Claim 47 is respectively separate invention groups from the claims 18-20, 23 & 40-47. Within the group claim 18-20 23 & 40-47, the claim 40 is a distinct specie. All of the two separate inventions group I (claims 18-20, 23, 41-46) & group II (claims 40 & 47) are related as subcombinations usable together.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 18-20, 23 and 41-46 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Establishment of Well Known Prior Art

4. Examiner would like to establish that LED (light emitting diode/device) are well kown as being one of the common elements in the portable computer environment (supported by Paulick 6,018,584 and many more in the art). Furthermore, the color, shape, size, and location of such

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LED is clealry within the choice of the designer, as supported by the examiner cited prior art of record and more not yet cited but the examiner would like give official notice on such well known design choices. In addition, in most cases, the LEDs are used to notify the user of a certain event or condition to a user. For example, every laptop, handheld/palm top, desk top, and main frame, peripherals, and more usually have one or more LEDs to indicate conditions or notify the user events. The examiner also give official notices on such well known common knowledge. For the above reasons, the examiner storongly believes that the present claimed inventions are not allowable over the prior art of record. The there are many prior art teaches the claimed functional equivalent of notifiying events from multiple direction due to a physical shape/design of LEDs.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

6. Claims 18-20 and 42-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Seto et al (5,552,967).

The Seto reference teaches all of the fuctional equivalent claimed limitaitions as follows:

Claim 18 Seto et al.

- portable handheld computing device comrising

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- feature of figure 1

- casing having upper and lower surfaces, opposing front and back side surfaces, and opposing end surfaces, the ends being dimensionally shorter than the from and back side surfaces
 - feature of figure 1
- light emitting device (LED) mounted externally on the casing, the LED being positioned on the upper suface and wrapping around to and being raised on one of the end surfaces
 - feature (254)
- LED being activated upon occurrence of an event to notify a user
 - inherent feature of (254)

Claim 19

Seto et al.

- portable handheld computing device comprising
 - feature of figure 1
- casing havin a base and a lid
 - feature of figures 1 & 8
- the LED being activated upon occurrence of an event to notify a user
 - inherent feature of (254)

Claim 20

Seto et al.

- portable handheld computing device comprising
 - feature of figure 1
- casing having a base and a lid that opens and closes relative to the base
 - feature of figures 1 & 8
- the lid having an upper surface, opposing side surfaces, and opposing end surfaces
 - figure of figure 8
- LED device mounted externally on the casing
 - feature of figures 1 & 8
- LED being activated upon occerence of an event to notify a user
 - inherent feature of (254)
- positioned on the upper surfece of the lid, and wrapping around to one of the end surfaces so that the LED is visible from both opposing side surfaces and both opposing end surfaces when the lid is opened or closed
 - feature of figures 1 & 8

Claims 42-44

Seto et al.

- portable handheld computing device comprising
 - feature of figure 1
- casing having upper and lower surfaces, opposing front and back side surfaces, and opposing end surfaces
 - feature of figure 1
- LED device mounted externally on the casing

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- feature of figures 1 & 8

- LED being activated upon occerence of an event to notify a user
 - inherent feature of (254)
- positioned such that the LED is visible from both opposing side surfaces and one of the end surfances
 - feature of figures 1 & 8
- wherein the LED is futher visible from another end/side surface
 - feature of figure 1

Since the Seto reference teahces all of the functional equivalent claimed limitations, the claimed invention would have been anticipated the Seto reference.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness 7. rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 23 & 41, 45-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 8. Seto et al. (5,552,976) in view of Maddrell et all (6,041,215) or Weber (4,056,701) or Wunsch et al. (4,454,596) or Hidaka (5,606,712).
- i. The examiner relies on the examiner cited references as being the well known common knowledge in the art LED alert/display notification technique as stated above.
- ii. The difference between the claimed invention and the teachings of the Seto reference is that the reference does not expressly disclose the exactly same physical shape of LED (i.e., physical situations of the LED) & the off button integration. However, such difference in limitation is a design choice matter to one having ordinary skill in the art. The examiner takes official notice on such design choice matter such as off button integration (e.g., as can be seen from the examiner cited references, Maddrell et all (6,041,215) or Weber (4,056,701) or Wunsch

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et al. (4,454,596) or Hidaka (5,606,712), all teach the well known light emitting deice & button combinations) This is because the physical situation of the LED is chosen by the designer with a motivation of choosing better visible location; one skilled artisan can easily choose a specific location or more than one locations to serve the purpose of alerting a user. Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to one having ordinary skill in the art to come up with the invention form the teachings of the Seto reference, for the reasons stated above.

9. Any Response To This Action Should Be Mailed To:

If The Action Is Non-Final

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 746-7239, (for formal communications intended for entry)

If The action is Final

Box AF

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 746-7238, (for formal communications; please mark "EXPEDITED PROCEDURE")

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to

Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any Other Telephone Communication Should Be Directed To

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mr. Shin whose telephone number is (703) 305-9658. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday from 7:00 AM to 4:00 PM.

Christopher B. Shin

PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 2182

Christopher B. Shin June 27, 2003

Mach